



MEGHÍVÓ

Az MTA-MTM-ELTE Paleontológiai Kutatócsoportja és az MTM Őslénytani és Földtani Tára félig formális, félig kötetlen, házi (de nyilvános) előadás-sorozatának negyvenhetedik előadására

Gregory PRICE:

Utilising stable isotope variation in brachiopods to evaluate CO₂ as a driver of Mesozoic climate change

Ideje: 2012. július 24. (kedd), 15:00

Helye: az Őslénytár könyvtára (Ludovika tér 2.)



Phanerozoic atmospheric CO₂ concentrations appear to have been considerably higher than modern levels and given that CO₂ is a greenhouse gas, it has been proposed that surface temperatures were also higher. Some studies have, however, suggested, that Earths temperature (estimated from the isotopic composition of fossil brachiopod and mollusc shells) may have been independent of variations in atmospheric CO₂ concentration. Such findings deserve close scrutiny as if large changes in atmospheric CO₂ in the past have not produced the expected climate response this undermines the case for reducing fossil-fuel emissions. New isotope (temperature) data, is presented, derived from the isotopic composition of brachiopods largely from Tethyan locations. The results are consistent with the view that changes in atmospheric CO₂ concentrations are linked with changes in global temperatures.

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Vendégünk a SYNTHESYS projekt keretében érkezett, házigazdája Főzy István.

Az előadásra minden érdeklődőt szeretettel várunk!