

## MEGHÍVÓ

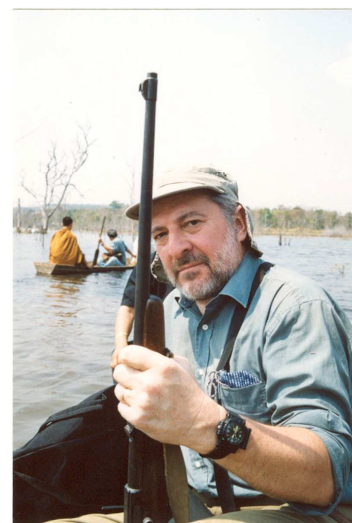
Az MTA–MTM Paleontológiai Kutatócsoportja és az MTM Óslénytani és Földtani Tára félig formális, félig kötetlen, házi (de nyilvános) előadás-sorozatának harminckilencedik előadására

### **Eric BUFFETAUT:**

### **An Early Cretaceous vertebrate assemblage from southern China and its comparison with Thai assemblages**

Ideje: 2010. december 15. (szerda), 15:00

Helye: az Óslénytár könyvtára (Ludovika tér 2.)



Although abundant vertebrate remains are known from many Early Cretaceous localities in northeastern and northwestern China, relatively little is known about assemblages of the same age in southern China. Dinosaur remains from the Guangxi Region were first reported in 1975. Recently a number of new specimens of fishes, turtles, crocodylians, sauropods and iguanodontian ornithopods have been collected from red beds of the Napai Formation. Geographically and stratigraphically, the Napai Formation is close to the vertebrate-bearing Sao Khua and Khok Kruat Formations of northeastern Thailand. A comparison shows strong similarities, especially among turtles and dinosaurs. Like the Napai Formation, the Khok Kruat Formation has also yielded ornithischians. The Khok Kruat Formation is dated as Aptian, and a similar age is likely for the Napai Formation.

Előadónk a Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS) kutatási igazgatója, vendéglátója Ősi Attila.

Az előadásra minden érdeklődőt szeretettel várunk!